Local Reviews of Undergraduate Teacher Education Programs

Question Set I: Curricula

Music Teacher Preparation Working Group
National Association of Schools of Music

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NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOLS OF MUSIC

Introduction

- The content areas, premises, and questions that follow are intended to assist institutions engaged in reviewing their undergraduate teacher preparation programs. Answers to the questions will necessarily be institution specific.

- Question Set I is a tool kit and users are intended to draw from it and combine elements as necessary to their work.

- The focus in Question Set I is content, the “why” and “what” of a curriculum, and the arrangement of content within the curriculum.

- A primary purpose is to consider connections between time devoted to the study of specific content, local values, and what our students need to achieve during their program.

- Question Sets II and III place content decisions in an operational planning framework that addresses “how” and “who” issues.

- For each topic, there are many additional questions that could be asked.

- Faculty and administrators are encouraged to alter or expand the list of premises, competency areas and questions consistent with their specific review needs.

- The questions may be used to review one part, subject, or aspect of the curriculum, or specific combinations of parts, or the curriculum as a whole.

- The questions may be used twice in each application: first to determine what is current, second to determine what is desirable or projected.

- It is important to remember that everything cannot be addressed at the baccalaureate level. Most music teachers will continue their education and obtain one or more advanced credentials.
• These Question Sets have been developed as resources for professional discussion and
development. They are not associated with the accreditation function of NASM, nor do they
represent a policy position of the Association.

Notes about Structure

The questions are organized in five sections:

A. Overall Purposes, Futures, Priorities
B. Knowledge and Skills
C. Content, Capabilities, Attributes, and Relationships Specific to Musicians and Teachers
D. Practice
E. Creative Exploration

Appendix

• At the end of this question set is an appendix which lists expected or desirable, or possible,
competency areas derived from NASM materials and discussions. It is provided for reference for
those working with the questions. (You may wish to work from a list of institutional
competencies instead.)

• Do not let the specific competencies take you away from your broader conversation about
curricular change. The competencies are there as a resource and are not meant to limit creativity
or impose restrictions. Remember, NASM standards are about content, and not about how this
content is structured within the music programs of individual institutions.

Suggestions about Local Application

• Edit and add to this material as necessary to meet your needs.

• Strive for diversity of opinions; search for outside perspectives; consider
applicable research. Consider the work of recent graduates, and bear in mind
their potential employers.
- Allot plenty of time for discussion, consultation, and analysis; do not short-change deliberations about values.

- Develop a communication and consultation plan, especially if the inquiry is to be conducted or supervised by a small group.
A. OVERALL PURPOSES, FUTURES, PRIORITIES
Premises and Questions for Local Reviewers
Undergraduate Music Education Programs

Premises:
Our first purpose is to help individuals become musicians and teachers who have the basis for entering and functioning in the field and also for working and maturing in a dynamically evolving field for 40 – 50 years. This means preparing students to work in conditions we cannot fully predict, with things we don’t fully understand, and with challenges we cannot fully anticipate. Our goals for our art form and thus the artistic goals for our programs have significant influence on goals in other areas.

Questions:
1. Based on our goals for music, teaching, and music teaching, what content and levels of knowledge and skills are:
   a. essential no matter what the future brings? Why?
   b. important, especially short term – the period we can reasonably predict? Why?
   c. desirable? Why?
2. To what extent do our answers change depending on
   a. teaching specialization?
   b. location?
   c. how general or specialized our preparation goals are?
   d. cultural contexts and expertise in our institution?
   e. realities in our institution?
3. What do our answers reveal about content priorities?
4. What challenges emerge when we compare our answers to questions 1, 2, and 3 with what we are doing?
B. KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS

Premises and Questions for Local Reviewers

Undergraduate Music Education Programs

Premises:
Knowledge and skills are essential. They provide the content for all else. There is no substitute. The body of knowledge and skills is large and constantly expanding. However, time is not. This necessitates content and associated choices about what is absolutely basic. Basic does not mean simple or easy. These choices are difficult; there is no single right or best answer for every institution or situation.

Questions:
1. What specific capabilities—content-based knowledge and skills—do we expect graduating music teachers to have?

2. Given content decisions, what are our goals for the relationship between breadth and depth in each area?

3. When we combine our answers regarding specific content areas, what kind of knowledge and skills tool kit results? To what extent do the items it contains fulfill the goals for entry-level teaching capability we have set, wish to set, or are contemplating?

4. If we see a problem, what answers do we get if we look for solutions in content expansion or in contraction?

   What happens if we expand? What happens if we contract and concentrate more on a smaller number of essential tools well learned?

   If we determine that less is more, what constitutes the “less?” If we determine more is needed, what specifically constitutes “more?”

   Within and across fields of study, how much of what is enough to provide the basic tools for career entry and professional growth?
C. CONTENT, CAPABILITIES, ATTRIBUTES, AND RELATIONSHIPS SPECIFIC TO MUSICIANS AND TEACHERS

Premises and Questions for Local Reviewers

Undergraduate Music Education Programs

Premises:

Professionals apply content knowledge, technical skill, and application capabilities in teaching situations and cultivate the dispositions to know when and how to apply the knowledge and skills. Cultivation includes the development of various connections between certain attributes and content. While cultivation continues over a lifetime, during undergraduate study there are ways to begin cultivating attributes along with knowledge, skill, and application capabilities.

Questions:

1. Where in our curriculum do we prepare students to use the knowledge and skills they acquire in particular competency areas in their work as music teachers?

2. For individual graduates as entering teachers, what are our goals for general attributes that require synthesis such as:

   a. Communication—the ability to articulate ideas, concepts, facts, and rationales effectively?

   b. Creativity—the ability to use knowledge, skills and available resources or conditions to develop new or different things in music, teaching, and music teaching?

   c. Versatility—the ability to use various aspects of music and musical action to design and operate situation-specific curricula, coursework, ensembles, etc., to develop new courses for different or new types of students, to initiate and deal with change productively?

   d. Virtuosity—the ability to correlate, synthesize and apply knowledge and skills quickly and successfully in real time, to come into established, successful programs and continue to develop them musically and educationally?

   e. Flexibility—the ability to work effectively to achieve different kinds of goals in different kinds of settings, to move from one type of program to another?

   f. Complexity—the ability to understand the natures of complexities associated with music, teaching, music teaching, and their contexts, to apply this understanding in decision-making and planning?
3. For individual graduates entering as teachers, what are our goals for specific attributes such as:
   
a. Personal commitment to the art of music, to teaching music as an element of civilization, and to encouraging the artistic and intellectual development of students, plus the ability to fulfill these commitments as an independent professional?
   
b. The ability to lead students to an understanding of music as an art form, as a means of communication, and as a part of their intellectual and cultural heritage?
   
c. The capability to inspire others and to excite the imagination of students, engendering a respect for music and a desire for musical knowledge and experiences?
   
d. The ability to articulate logical rationales for music as a basic component of general education, and to present the goals and objectives of a music program effectively to parents, professional colleagues, and administrators?
   
e. The ability to work productively within specific education systems, promote scheduling patterns that optimize music instruction, maintain positive relationships with individuals of various social and ethnic groups, and be empathetic with students and colleagues of differing backgrounds?
   
f. The ability to evaluate ideas, methods, and policies in the arts, the humanities, and in arts education for their impact on the musical and cultural development of students?
   
g. The ability and desire to remain current with developments in the art of music and in teaching, to make independent, in-depth evaluations of their relevance, and to use the results to improve musicianship and teaching skills?
   
4. To what extent are we meeting our goals for knowledge and skills acquisition, capability to use knowledge and skills acquired, and the development of attributes?
   
a. What are our priorities? What weight do we give each of these elements in terms of success upon career entry? How are we allocating time?
   
b. How consistent is what we are doing with what we think we should be doing now, or in the near future?
   
c. How do we develop student capabilities through modeling, teaching, experiences, time allocations, assignments?
D. PRACTICE

Premises and Questions for Local Reviewers

Undergraduate Music Education Programs

Premises:
1. Regular, sustained, and mindful practice in fields such as music performance, composing, improvising, listening, analyzing, and teaching is important.

2. Practice and the acquisition of knowledge and skills have a strong relationship, but one is not a substitute for the other.

3. Time to practice alone, under guidance, and in public is important in developing these complex capacities to synthesize, apply, and gain knowledge and skills.

4. Normally, there is a correlation between the extent to which some capability is valued and the time devoted to practicing it.

5. Mindful practice involves a cycle of experience, reflection, and learning.

Questions:
1. What role does practice play in the structure of our program with regard to knowledge and skill development in various areas of music and teaching?

2. What profile is revealed? Where in the curriculum is practice emphasized and not emphasized?

3. How does this profile reveal priorities regarding abilities to apply musical and pedagogical knowledge and skills:
   a. in specific content areas?
   b. in situations requiring transfer, synthesis, integration, implementation?
   c. in terms of our goals for attribute development?

4. Are the priorities revealed the priorities we want? Do these priorities align with desired goals?

5. Based on our answer to 4, are adjustments necessary?
E. CREATIVE EXPLORATION

Premises and Questions for Local Reviewers

Undergraduate Music Education Programs

Premises:

1. Creative exploration with curricular elements and their relationships and purposes is essential for the positive evolution of the music teaching profession.

2. The purpose of this section is to encourage creative exploration of program structure and alignment with the values articulated in previous discussions.

3. Creative exploration may lead to:
   a. finding new ways of working with content;
   b. addressing emerging content, needs, or priorities;
   c. revealing new patterns, methods, or means for teaching and learning;
   d. accomplishing multiple objectives at the same time;
   e. infusing specific learning aspirations into multiple courses, curricula, and experiences;
   f. giving special emphasis to one or more specific goals;
   g. developing different time allocations and patterns;
   h. maintaining a self-regenerating climate of learning in an institution.

Questions:

1. What interests, knowledge, skills, attributes, and aspirations are entering students bringing with them? What are these students practicing and conceptualizing before we begin working with them? What can they do independently?

2. What interests, knowledge, skills, attributes, and aspirations are graduating students taking with them? What can they do independently in specific areas, in synthesis and in applying knowledge and skills in dynamic teaching situations? How prepared are they for “in-flight” decision making as teachers?

3. What do the answers to questions above reveal about our approaches to admission?
4. What do the answers to these questions reveal about program content and process, particularly related to issues such as:

   a. the purpose/content/method relationship both in teacher preparation and in teaching?

   b. single method or multiple methods?

   c. teaching one or more single methods in contrast to teaching students to “compose” with elements of many methods?

   d. laying the foundation for personal or situation specific methods development?

   e. packaging and curricular ordering of knowledge, skill, synthesis, and application expectations?

   f. treating disciplines and specializations as both discreet professions and as parts of and thus in service to a larger whole (example: theory as field, and as an essential part of general musicianship and of music teaching)?

   g. any specific knowledge, skills, attribute development, methodologies, or combinations thereof in general or within our curriculum that can grow teaching capabilities from average to exceptional in a significant number of students?

5. What about time issues such as:

   a. correlations of sequence and time allocations to our specific purposes—goals and objectives—for teacher competence?

   b. time prioritization to ensure our students acquire what we have determined is essential, followed by what we have determined is important, and then, desirable?

   c. decisions about breadth and depth in various areas, subjects, and aspects of subjects derived from our answer to b. above?

   d. length of time to acquire fundamental information such as overviews of principles, facts, techniques? Can this time be shortened? How much breadth or depth is needed here?

   e. time allocations in direct relationship to the major and what teachers in that specialization are expected to do?

   f. ratios of time devoted to content and to applications of content?

   g. creative ways to apportion time in the credit hour system?
h. time and priority adjustments within class sessions, courses, ensembles, relationships of courses, and sequences of courses in curricula?

i. time to practice in areas where capability is gained primarily by practice?

j. use of different time patterns such as short bursts of intensive learning, self-paced technology provided learning, customized education based on tutorial models, problem-based learning, allocations of generic teacher education courses to post-baccalaureate or distance learning, and so forth?
APPENDIX

Competency Areas for Reference

Undergraduate Teacher Education Programs

A. Music Components
   1. Performance (solo, ensemble, leadership, keyboard)
   2. Musicianship and Analysis
   3. Composition and Improvisation
   4. History and Repertory
   5. Synthesis (ability to combine and use 1. through 4. as necessary)

B. Music Education (Teacher Preparation) Components
   1. Music competency emphases of items in A.
      a. Conducting and/or leadership capabilities
      b. Arranging
      c. Functional performance in keyboard and voice
      d. Ability to apply analysis/history/literature
   2. Specialization competencies (general, vocal/choral, instrumental, all levels-all specializations, specific fields or combinations) and non-traditional programs (composition, jazz studies, popular music, folk music, mariachi/guitar, generalist/appreciation, technology/recording/audio design, etc.)
      a. Knowledge and skill to teach beginning and intermediate students
      b. Knowledge of content, methodologies, philosophies, materials, technologies, and curriculum development
      c. In-depth experience with performance, creation and/or scholarly aspects of the specialization
      d. ability to use instruments, equipment, and technologies
      e. laboratory experiences in teaching
3. Teaching competencies: Ability to lead students to competency, apply music knowledge and skills in teaching situations, and integrate music instruction into the process of P–12 education. Specific abilities include:
   
a. Different age groups and in different settings, effective classroom and rehearsal management.
   
b. Child growth and development and an understanding of principles of learning applicable to music.
   
c. Assessing aptitudes and experiential backgrounds; plan educational programs to meet needs.
   
d. Evaluative techniques and ability to apply them in assessing both the musical progress of students and the objectives and procedures of the curriculum.

C. Other possible content components
   
   1. Advocacy
   
   2. Entrepreneurship
   
   3. Musician’s health
   
   4. Technology
   
   5. Social issues
   
   6. Education and music education research and philosophy
   
   7. Applications in community school, magnet school, or other teaching settings

D. Attributes Requiring Synthesis (see question C.2)

   1. Communication
   
   2. Creativity
   
   3. Versatility
   
   4. Virtuosity
   
   5. Flexibility
   
   6. Capabilities with complexity